Sodium hydroxide Substance Identity Profile

Identification

Substance name:sodium hydroxide (NaOH) (caustic soda)Chemical Formula:HNaOCAS no.:1310-73-2EINECS no.:215-185-5

Purity of the substance

For registration purposes, the purity declared will be $\geq 80\%$ (w/w) (mono-constituent substance). The composition is declared without water.

Sodium hydroxide (NaOH) as such is a white and deliquescent solid.

The bulk of NaOH is produced and sold as a solution in water, often as a 50% (w/w) solution. NaOH is mainly produced in chloralkali plants using different technologies.

Impurities

Most common impurities are sodium chloride ($\leq 2\%$), sodium carbonate ($\leq 1\%$) and sulfate ($\leq 0.2\%$), The concentrations of other impurities is less than 0.1%.

The reference material for the registration dossier (IUCLID5 & CSR) will comply with:

- no substance that occurs in amounts > 1% is classified to the extent that the amount present requires a change in classification relative to the existing EU classification for sodium hydroxide;

- substances which are classified by the EU as CMR Cat. 1 or 2, PBT or vPvB are not present in amounts > 0.1%. No substances of very high concern are reported in quantities > 0.1%;

- substances for which Specific Concentration Limits, lower than above 1% or 0.1% have been set in Annex VI to CLP are not present in amounts that would require additional classification and labeling;

- substances for which limit concentrations are given in any other EU Directive or Regulation (such as Annex XVII of Reach), are not present in amounts exceeding those limits.

Individual registering companies are advised to check their own impurities for specific concentration limits and to inform the Consortium about the identity of the impurities and the identified limits.